Accurate Mass Measurements of Product Ions for Metabolite Identification on Unit Mass Resolution Mass Spectrometers



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Overview

Accurate Mass measurements of product ions made available on unit mass resolution mass spectrometers

- Novel algorithms to calibrate mass spectrometers for both mass and peak shape
- Demonstrated data including infusion of drug standards and LC/MS of rat liver microsomal incubations of verapamil

Introduction

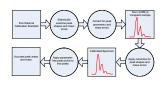
Accurate mass (AM) measurements are routinely performed on high resolution mass spectrometers for metabolite identification. However, these instruments are very expensive and often require dedicated and skillful operators. We have developed MSIntegrity[™] technologies that allow AM analysis to be conducted on unit mass resolution mass spectrometers¹. Although AM analysis of verapamil metabolites has already been demonstrated previously in full MS mode, further elucidation of the structures of these metabolites requires the recognition of their corresponding fragment ions from collisioninduced dissociation experiments. Accurate measurements of these ions are desirable to pinpoint their structures². As an extension to the MSIntegrity technologies, we report here the AM measurements of fragment ions to facilitate metabolite identification on unit mass resolution mass spectrometers.

Methods

The product ion spectra of a set of small pharmaceuticals were acquired from an ABI/Sciex 4000 Q TRAP by infusion, while LC/MS/MS measurements of rat liver microsomal incubation of verapamil were performed on an ABI/Sciex 3200 Q TRAP. All mass spectral data were collected in profile mode and processed using the MSIntegrity technologies implemented in the MassWorksTM software. A few or a single known fragment ion(s) from the MS/MS spectra by infusion was selected as calibration standard(s) to internally calibrate the spectra. Some of the ions in the same spectra were tested for mass accuracy. LC/MS/MS fragment ions were generated on-thefly by information dependent scans. Accurate mass measurements on demethylated verapamil were achieved by applying an external calibration made by the fragments generated from verapamil.

Methods

Calibration Procedures

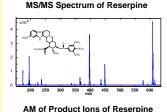


Results and Discussion

The MS/MS Peak Shape before and after Calibration

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AM of Product lons of Reserpine (Internal calibration)

Name of Ions	Mass	Formulam of lons	Accurate Mass	Delta Mass (mDa)
Reservine		C33H41N2O9	Cali Ion	
rag1		C23H30NO8	448.1936	-3.5
rag2		C23H29N2O4	Cali Ion	
rag3		C10H11O4	Cali Ion	
Frag4	174.0919	C11H12ON	Cali Ion	
wo point o	alibration			

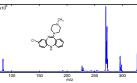


 Name of Ions
 Exact Mass
 Formula of Ions
 Accurate Mass
 Delta Mass (mDa)

 Frag3
 195.0657
 C10H1104
 Cali ion
 Cali ion

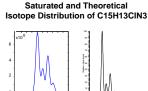
 Frag4
 174.0919
 C11H120N
 174.0924
 -0.5

MS/MS Spectrum of Clozapine



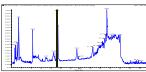
AM of Product lons of Clozapine



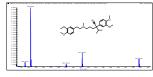


Results and Discussion

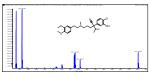
TIC of Verapamil Metabolites



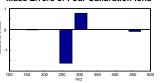
MS/MS of Verapamil



MS/MS of Demethylated Verapamil



Mass Errors of Four Calibration lons



AM of MSMS of Demethylated Verapamil (External Calibration)

Name of lons	Exact Mass	Formula of lons	Mass	Delta Mass (mDa)
Demethylated Verapamil	441.2753	C26H37N2O4	441.5840	-0.6
Frag1	303.2073	C18H27N2O2	303.4199	5.5
Frag2	289.1916	C17H25N2O2	289.3933	-5.6
Frag3	291.2073	C17H27N2O2	291.4092	-6

Conclusions

- Accurate mass measurements of product ions with 5 ppm can be achieved on unit mass resolution instruments through MassWorks
- Mass spectrometry calibration including both mass and peak shape is critical for high mass accuracy.
- Internal calibration can help achieve highest possible mass accuracy.
- Peak saturation is a key factor causing poor mass accuracy in a quadrupole system.

References

1) Gu, M. et al RCMS, 2006, 20, 764.

2) Zhang, M. et al JMS, 2005, 40, 1017.



TIC of Verapamil